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(54) Title: METHOD OF RECORDING AND REPRODUCING SAMPLE DATA TO/FROM A RECORDING MEDIUM AND SAMPLE DATA CONTAINING RECORDING MEDIUM

**PGCI**

<b>PGC General Info.</b> <b>(PGC_GI)</b>
<b>PG Infotmation #1</b> <b>(PGI # 1)</b>
...
<b>CI Search Pointer</b> <b># 1 (CI_SRP #1)</b>
...
<b>Cell Information #1</b>
...

**Audio Cell Information**

<b>Audio Cell General Info.</b> <b>(A_C_GI)</b>
<b>Audio Cell Entry Point Info. #1</b> <b>(A_C_EPI #1)</b>
...
<b>Audio Cell Entry Point Info. #n</b> <b>(A_C_EPI #n)</b>

<b>C TY</b> <b>(1B)</b>
<b>A_C_S_P</b> <b>(6B)</b>
<b>A_C_E_P</b> <b>(6B)</b>
...

<b>EP TY</b> <b>(1B)</b>
<b>EP_DA_S_P</b> <b>(6B)</b>
<b>EP_DA_E_P</b> <b>(6B)</b>

(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to a method of recording and reproducing sample data to/from a recording medium and a sample data containing recording medium. According to the present invention, contents are recorded on a recording medium with additional sample data which is a part of the contents. And, when the contents of the recording medium are requested to be reproduced, the sample data or all the contents are reproduced based on whether a reproduction approval key is received or not. Owing to the present invention, a user can confirm easily, without purchasing a corresponding reproduction approval key, whether a recording medium such as a DVD-ROM and a DVD-RAM has contents he or she wants.



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# DESCRIPTION

## METHOD OF RECORDING AND REPRODUCING SAMPLE DATA TO/FROM A RECORDING MEDIUM AND SAMPLE DATA CONTAINING RECORDING MEDIUM

### 5 1. Technical Field

The present invention relates to a method of recording sample data to a recording medium and a sample data containing recording medium.

The present invention further relates to a method of  
10 reproducing entire recorded source data or only short data section containing sample data at a playback request depending on whether the playback is authorized or not.

### 2. Background Art

A disk-type recording medium such as a compact disk (CD)  
15 can store high-quality digital audio data permanently, so that it is very popular recording medium. Recently, a digital versatile disk (referred as 'DVD' hereinafter) has been developed as a new disk-type recording medium. A DVD can store much larger size than a CD, thus, high-quality moving picture  
20 or audio data are recorded on a DVD for much longer time. Therefore, a DVD will be used widely in the near future.

There are three types of a DVD, DVD-ROM for read-only, DVD-R for write-once, and DVD-RAM or DVD-R/W for rewritable. For a rewritable DVD, the standardization of data writing  
25 format is in progress.

In these days, various types of digital audio data are provided through a data network such as Internet. Such audio data are called EMD (Electronic Music Distribution) audio data. EMD audio data are provided by a lot of contents

providers. However, the contents providers encode EMD audio data to mutually different formats and add different unique copy-protection codes to EMD audio data as well to prevent unauthorized copy and protect their copyright.

5           Therefore, a decoder and a decryption code adequate for downloaded EMD audio data must be obtained from a contents provider having provided the EMD audio data before playing the downloaded EMD audio data. The decryption code is used for decrypting EMD audio data encrypted with a corresponding  
10 copy-protection code.

Because it is nearly impossible to obtain both a suitable decryption code and a decoder without lawful approval, EMD audio data can be protected against unauthorized copy, thus its copyright can be protected well.

15           As mentioned before, because a large-capacity recording medium is being commercialized and anti-piracy of EMD audio data becomes possible, it is expected that EMD audio data are spread greatly over a data network in the near future.

However, EMD audio data, in general, are entirely  
20 encrypted with a copy-protection code. Therefore, a user can not play any piece of EMD audio data downloaded onto a writable DVD through a disk device before he or she purchases a decryption code. In other words, a user can not confirm at all whether the downloaded EMD audio data are what he or she  
25 wants or whether its audio quality is better or not than he or she expected.

Consequently, a user hesitates to buy a play-authorizing code, namely, a decryption code for the downloaded EMD audio data, which would impede spread and  
30 distribution of digital audio data through a data network such as Internet.

### 3. Disclosure of Invention

It is an object of the present invention to provide a

method of recording moving picture data and/or audio data onto a recording medium as designating their sample data.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a recording medium on which moving picture data and/or audio  
5 data have been recorded wherein their sample data are designated for the recorded moving picture or audio data.

It is another object of the present invention a method of selectively reproducing entire source data recorded on a recording medium or only short data section containing sample  
10 data of the source data depending on whether play-authorizing information is obtained.

A recording medium for storing data in accordance with the present invention is characterized in that it includes a first area for storing data; and a second area for storing  
15 management information for the data stored in said first area, wherein source data including at least one data track are recorded in said first area, and wherein location information pointing a data section, a part of the source data, is recorded in said second area, the data section being designated sample  
20 data for the source data.

A method of recording data to a recording medium in accordance with the present invention is characterized in that it comprises the steps of: writing received data in a data recording area of a recording medium; checking whether  
25 there is play-authorizing information that allows entire playback of the written data; and writing location information pointing a data section, a part of the written data, in a management information area of the recording medium if there is not play-authorizing information, wherein the  
30 data section being designated sample data for the source data.

A method of reproducing data from a recording medium in accordance with the present invention is characterized in that it comprises the steps of: checking, when play of recorded

data is requested, whether or not there is play-authorizing information stored on a recording medium or in a disk device, the play-authorizing information allowing entire playback of the recorded data; reading location information pointing a data section, a part of the recorded data, if there is not  
5 play-authorizing information, the data section being designated sample data for the recorded data; and reproducing the data section using the read location information, instead of the recorded data of which play has been requested.

10 The present invention characterized as above enables a user to confirm whether source data downloaded onto or written on a recording medium such as a writable DVD are what he or she wants without buying play-authorizing information for the source data. Consequently, purchase of play-  
15 authorizing information for moving-picture or audio source data is naturally induced from previewing or pre-listening sample data.

#### 4. Brief Description of Drawings

The accompanying drawings, which are included to  
20 provide a further understanding of the present invention, illustrate the preferred embodiments of the invention, and together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the present invention, and wherein:

Fig. 1 is a simplified block diagram of an optical disk  
25 device in which a data recording/reproducing method of the present invention is embedded;

Fig. 2 is an illustrative format of management information created by a data recording method of the present invention;

30 Fig. 3 shows a schematic relation between audio objects including respective sample audio sections therein and their management information formed on a basis of the format of Fig. 2;

Fig. 4 is another illustrative format of management information created by a data recording method of the present invention;

Fig. 5 shows a schematic relation between audio objects including respective sample audio section therein and their management information formed on a basis of the format of Fig. 4;

Figs. 6a and 6b are flow charts of an embodiment of a method playing entire or sample data selectively in accordance with the present invention; and

Fig. 7 is a screen example where a play-error window is popped up because of no play-authorizing information.

#### **5. Modes for Carrying out the Invention**

In order that the invention may be fully understood, a preferred embodiment thereof will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Fig. 1 is a simplified block diagram of an optical disk device in which a data recording/reproducing method of the present invention is embedded. The device may be a disk drive installed in a personal computer (PC) being able to connect to Internet.

The disk device of Fig. 1 comprises an interface 8 sending/receiving data to/from an external machine such as a PC; a recording processor 3 converting source data and management information thereof received through the interface 8 to writing signal suitable for a placed writable disk, e.g., DVD-RAM 1; an optical pickup 2 writing the writing signal to the DVD-RAM 1 and reading the written signal therefrom; a reproducing processor 4 processing the read signal to restore to original data; a buffer 6 buffering temporary data produced during recording or reproducing operation; a memory 7, e.g., a flash memory for storing navigation data, which are management information used for

reproduction control of recorded data, and Digital Right Management (DRM) information which authorizes play of source data; and a system controller 5 controlling all the elements in record or playback mode, and selecting source or sample 5 data based on the DRM information.

Purchase of the DRM information can be made on-line from a web site on Internet providing associated source data, and it is downloaded into a management information area of the DVD-RAM 1 or into the flash memory 7.

10 In the meantime, the source data, which may be moving picture or audio data, are downloaded onto the DVD-RAM 1 through Internet or are formed onto a read-only medium such as a DVD-ROM through disk manufacturing process.

If the source data are audio, a single audio track is 15 preferably unitized to an audio object (AOB) that consists of several object units (AOBUs).

In addition, a specific data section is designated to sample data that can be pre-played during record or manufacturing if there is no play authorization.

20 When audio data are received from a web site on Internet through the interface 8, the system controller 5 records them onto the DVD-RAM 1, and unitizes the recorded audio data to a single logical track. The unitized logical track is managed as a single AOB. A logical track is different from a physical 25 spiral track formed in a writable disk. If recording operation stops after a single audio song provided from outside has been recorded, the recorded song becomes a single logical track (a track means a logical track, hereinafter).

All the audio songs recorded onto the DVD-RAM 1, namely, 30 all tracks are indexed by a track set information called program chain (PGC). Information for a track recorded newly is inserted in the track set information and information for an erased track is deleted from the track set information.

A part of a track (PoT) specified within an audio track by editing process can be reproduced. Such a partial reproduction is initiated through selecting a play list which is used for defining audio track playback order.

5       After a track has been recorded or edited, cell information (CI) is created to refer to entire or part of a track. The created cell information is written in original or user-defined program chain information (PGCI). A play list is linked with a piece of PGCI through PGCI index number.

10       As shown in Fig. 2, the PGCI may include plural pieces of CIs. After audio data are recorded on the writable DVD 1 through the recording processor 3, the system controller 5 creates a piece of CI in connection with each track of the recorded data. The created CI consists of Audio Cell General  
15 Information 'A\_C\_GI' and at least one piece of Audio Cell Entry Point Information 'A\_C\_EPI'. The information 'A\_C\_GI', as shown in Fig. 2, contains start 'A\_C\_S\_P' and end position information 'A\_C\_E\_P' of the recorded track, namely, AOB.

The cell entry point information can contain different  
20 information according to its type defined in a type field 'EP\_TY'. The location information on sample audio section according to the present invention is written in this cell entry point information with bit value '0001XXXX' ('X' means 'don't-care') in the type field 'EP\_TY'. The cell entry point  
25 information with bit value '0001XXXX' in the type field, as shown in Fig.3, contains start and end position information of sample audio section in the two fields 'EP\_DA\_S\_P' and 'EP\_DA\_E\_P', respectively.

If the field 'EP\_TY' of cell entry point information  
30 has a value of '0110XXXX', it means that the cell entry point information has only single position information indicating a random accessible point.

The audio cell entry point information may include a



duration of sample audio section in a field 'DA\_DUR' replacing the end point field 'EP\_DA\_E\_P', as shown in Figs. 4 and 5.

The system controller 5 plays entire source data downloaded onto or written on the DVD-RAM 1 or only sample data thereof with reference to the management information structured as above. The selection of entire source data or sample data thereof is based on whether there is DRM information for the downloaded or written source data.

This selective reproduction method is explained in detail below.

Figs. 6a and 6b are flow charts of an embodiment of a method playing entire or sample data selectively in accordance with the present invention.

When or before source data are selected to be played back, the system controller 5 reads the above-explained management information, namely, PGCI, CI, and so on from the writable DVD 1 and stores into the flash memory 7 (S11). The source data contains a single track or a plurality of tracks. If necessary, the system controller 5 will execute a suitable player program for reading and decoding the selected source data (S12). Before reading the source data, the system controller 5 checks whether or not there is DRM information allowing playback of the source data in the management area of the DVD-RAM 1 or in the flash memory 7 (S13).

If there is not, the system controller 5 composes a play-error message and sends it to a connected PC (S14). The play-error message includes explanation about DRM information purchase as well as the cause that there is no DRM information related with the selected audio data.

Fig. 7 is a screen example where such a play-error message is outputted. The play-error message displayed in Fig. 7 includes an inquiry window that asks a user whether to buy DRM information or not. The illustrative inquiry window also

includes a URL (Uniform Resource Locator) addressing a web site on Internet that provides DRM information and a download button that enables a user to buy DRM information related with the selected source data through download.

5        If on-line purchase of DRM information is not made (S15), the system controller 5 examines PGCI, e.g., original PGCI, stored in the flash memory 7, including a single or plural pieces of CI associated with the selected source data (S16). Then, the system controller 5 knows where in the selected  
10 source data sample audio section or sections are (S17), based on the pair fields 'EP\_DA\_S\_P' and 'EP\_DA\_E\_P' or 'EP\_DA\_S\_P' and 'DA\_Dur' of the cell entry point information in CI.

Afterwards, the system controller 5 searches the DVD-RAM 1 for sample audio section pointed by the fields of  
15 the cell entry point information in CI through moving the optical pickup 2 inward and outward, and it reproduces only the sample audio section (S18). If the selected source data includes a plurality of audio tracks, the system controller 5 reproduces sample audio section included in each track  
20 sequentially.

Consequently, a user can determine whether or not to buy play-authorizing information for source data after pre-listening or previewing respective partial audio song or movie recorded on a recording medium without purchasing  
25 play-authorizing information.

If there is DRM information in the management area of the DVD-RAM 1 or in the flash memory 7 (S13), the system controller 5 examines PGCI in the flash memory 7, including a single or plural pieces of CI associated with the selected  
30 source data (S20). Then, the system controller 5 knows where each audio track of the selected source data is, based on the fields 'A\_C\_S\_P' and 'A\_C\_E\_P' in each CI (S21). Afterwards, the system controller 5 searches for each audio track pointed

by the two fields in CI, and reproduces the audio track or tracks (S22) sequentially until last audio track is encountered if several tracks are included in the source data.

If a user requests on-line purchase of DRM information in the situation that the play-error window has been displayed (S15), the system controller 5 reads from the management area of the DVD-RAM 1 or the flash memory 7 a URL (Uniform Resource Locator) information of a web site that provides DRM information for the selected source data and data identification, e.g., 2-byte serial number assigned to the source data downloaded to the DVD-RAM 1 or disk identification if the placed disk is read-only. The read address and data or disk identification are transmitted to the connected PC (S30).

The above purchasing process is initiated by a user's clicking the 'download' button on the illustrative play-error window shown in Fig. 7.

The web site addressed by the stored URL identifies which DRM information is requested based on the received disk or data identification. Namely, it searches its database for DRM information linked with the received identification or serial number. If found, the web site downloads the found DRM information to the PC. The PC delivers the downloaded DRM information to the system controller 5 of the disk drive connected to the PC (S31). This DRM information delivery may be conducted in accordance with a protocol pre-specified between the web site and a PC connected to the web site.

The system controller 5 separates the received DRM information into play-authorizing information for each AOB or track, and stores them in the flash memory 7 or in the management information area of the DVD-RAM 1 in connection with respective track (S32).

Afterwards, the system controller 5 reproduces entire

selected source data written in the DVD-RAM 1 using the DRM information stored in the memory 7 or on the DVD-RAM 1 the same as explained above.

If a placed recording medium is read-only, the DRM information downloaded through the explained manner is stored in a memory of a disk drive.

In addition, if the above-explained method that reproduces entire source data or sample data thereof depending on existence of play-authorizing information is not embedded in a disk device, a program executing the method can be downloaded to the disk device from a web site providing the play-authorizing information and source data. Moreover, the program executing the method can be pre-recorded on a read-only recording medium.

The above-explained method is applicable to a variety of disks such as a compact disk (CD) and video CD besides read-only DVD and writable DVD. Further, the present method can be applied to moving-picture data and still-picture data, besides audio data.

It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that various modifications and variations can be made in the present invention without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention. Thus, it is intended that the present invention cover the modifications and variations of this invention provided they come within the scope of the appended claims and their equivalents.

# CLAIMS

1. A recording medium for storing data, including:  
a first area for storing data; and  
a second area for storing management information for  
5 the data stored in said first area, wherein source data  
including at least one data track are recorded in said first  
area, and wherein location information pointing a data  
section, a part of the source data, is recorded in said second  
area, the data section being designated sample data for the  
10 source data.

2. The recording medium of claim 1, wherein the location  
information includes start and end position information of  
the data section.

3. The recording medium of claim 1, wherein the location  
15 information includes start position and duration information  
of the data section.

4. The recording medium of claim 1, wherein the  
management information area contains play-authorizing  
information that allows entire playback of the source data.

20 5. A method of recording data on a recording medium,  
including the steps of:

(a) writing received data in a data recording area of  
the recording medium;

(b) checking whether there is play-authorizing  
25 information that allows entire playback of the written data;  
and

(c) writing location information pointing a data  
section, a part of the written data, in a management  
information area of the recording medium if there is not  
30 play-authorizing information, wherein the data section being  
designated sample data for the source data.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein said step (c) further writes type information indicating that the location information of the data section has been written.

7. The method of claim 6, wherein the type information further indicates that position information of a random accessible point has been written.

8. A method of reproducing data from a recording medium, including the steps of:

(a) checking, when play of recorded data is requested, whether or not there is play-authorizing information stored on the recording medium or in a disk device, the play-authorizing information allowing entire playback of the recorded data;

(b) reading location information pointing a data section, a part of the recorded data, if there is not play-authorizing information, the data section being designated sample data for the recorded data; and

(c) reproducing the data section using the read location information, instead of the recorded data of which play has been requested.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein said step (b) reads the location information of the data section from entry point information in cell information referring to the recorded data.

FIG. 1

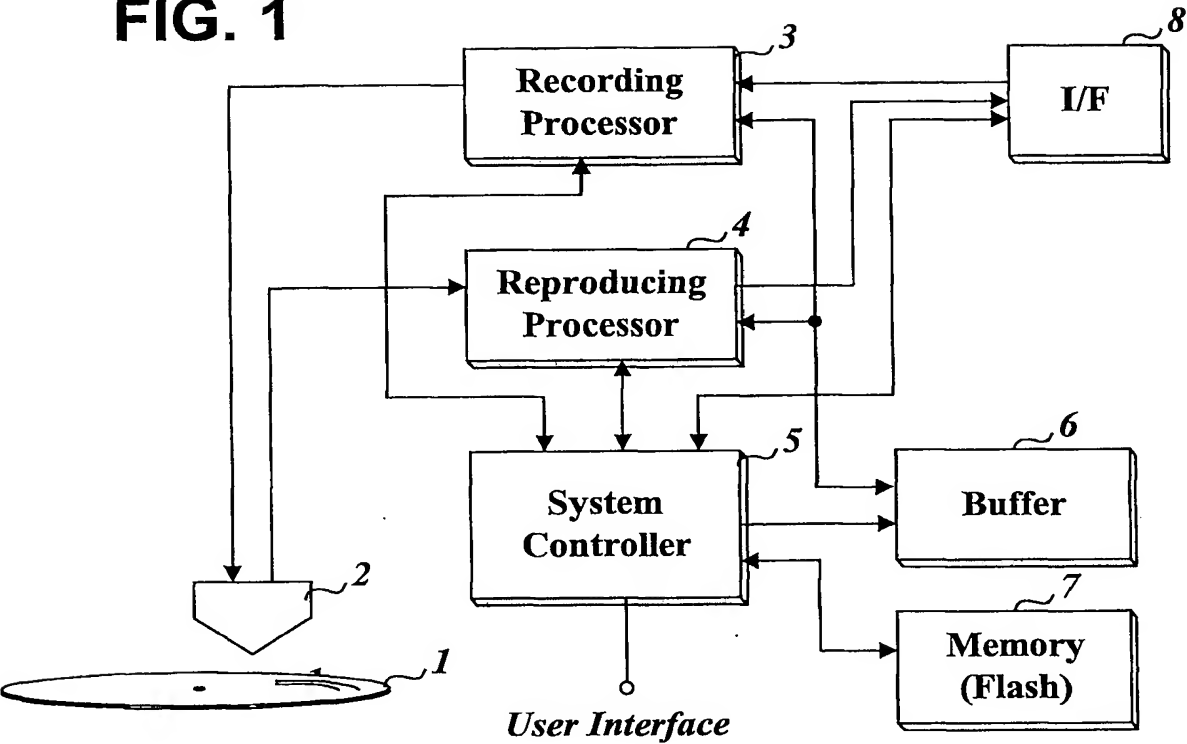
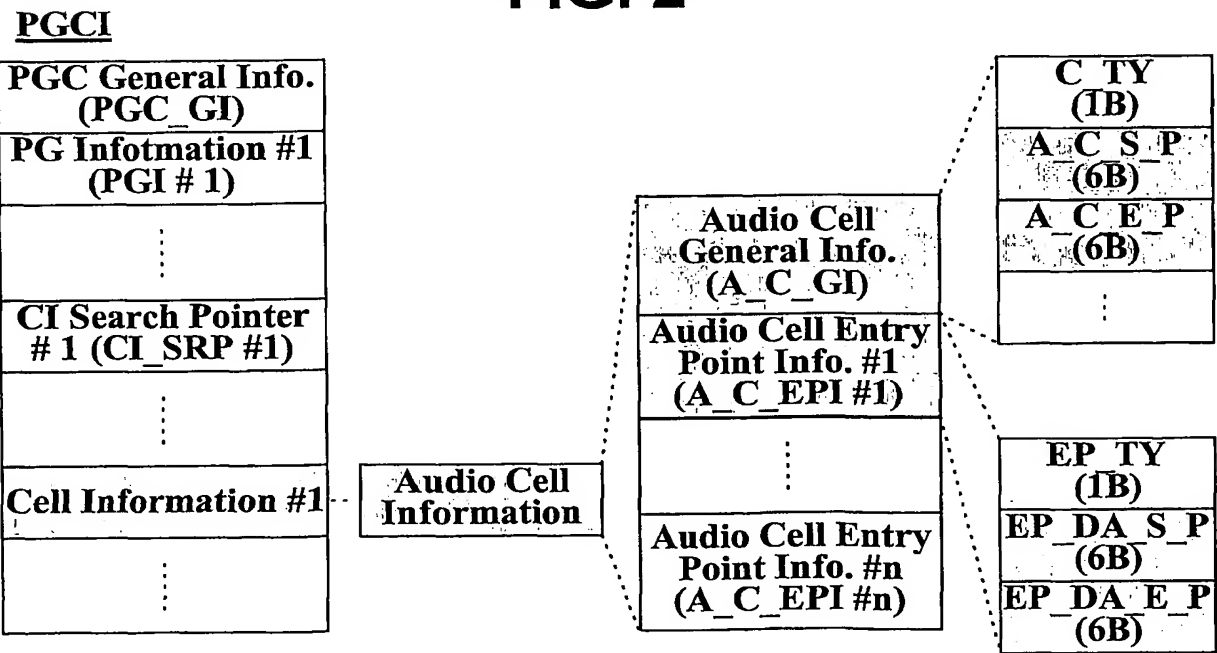
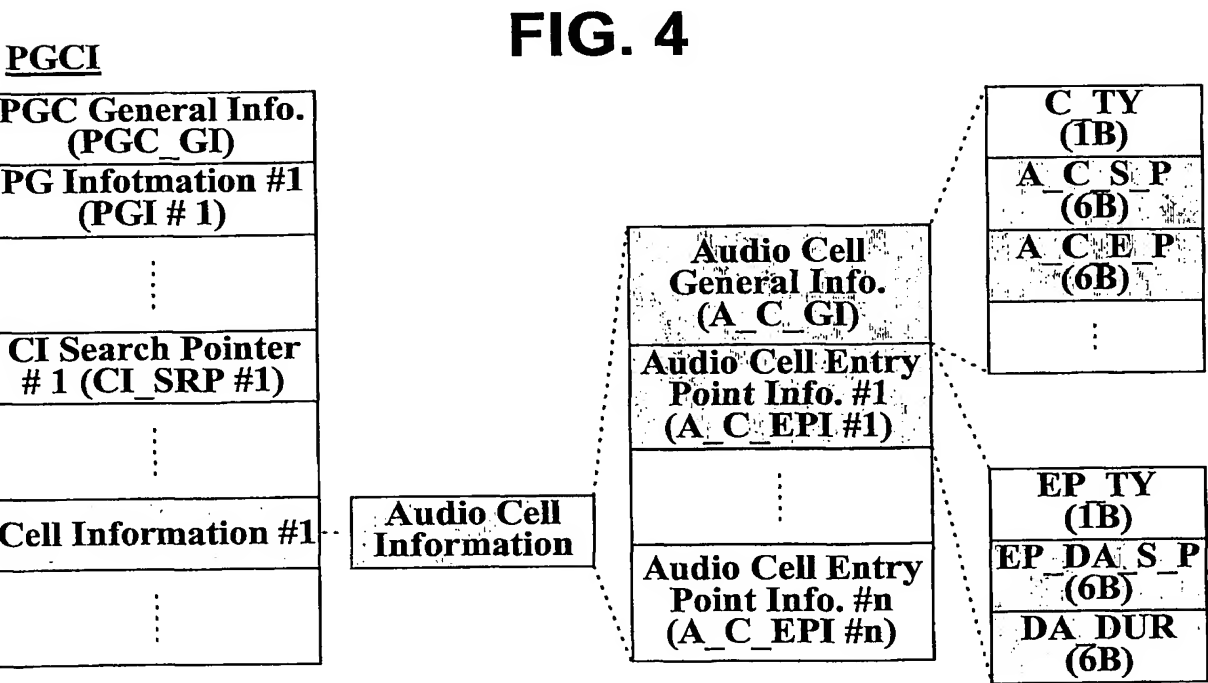
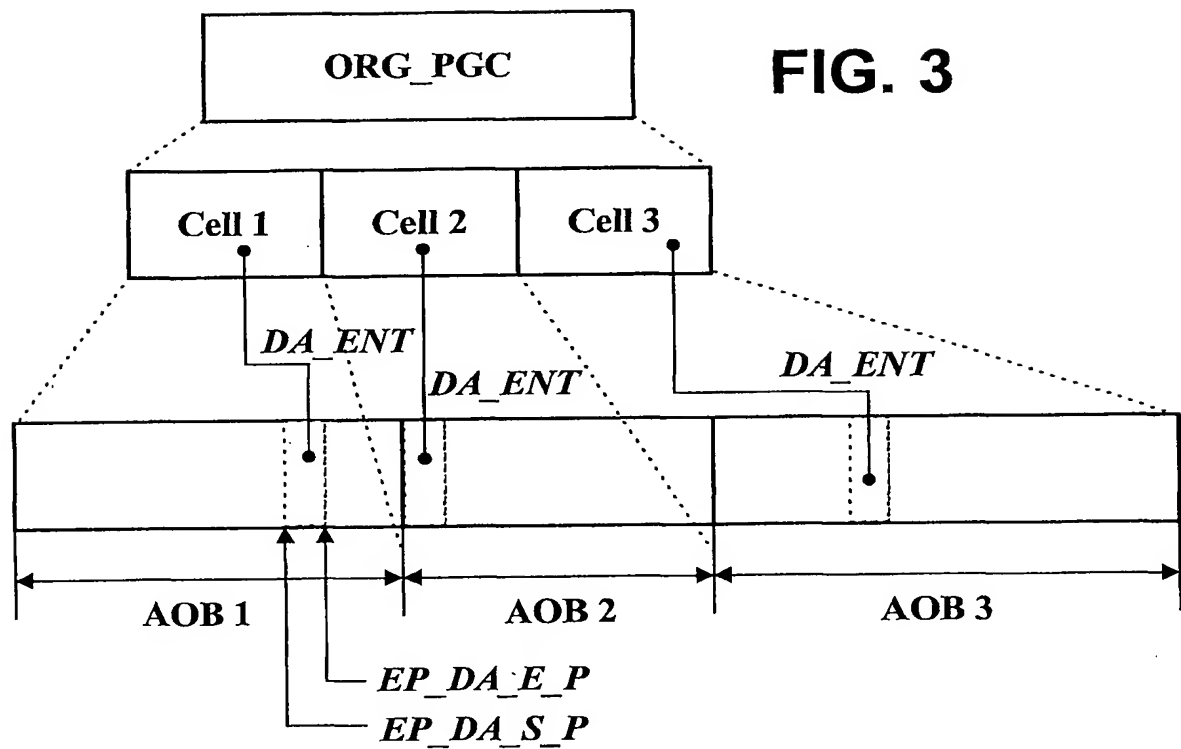
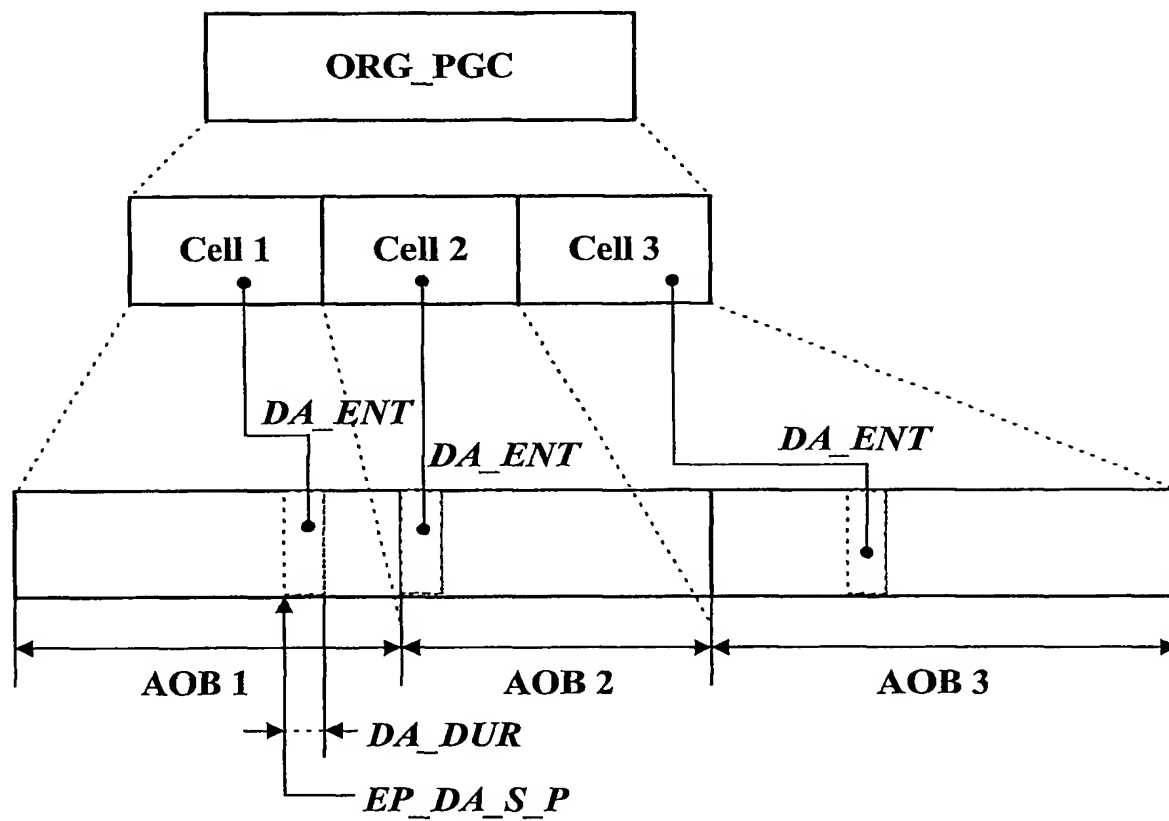


FIG. 2







**FIG. 5**

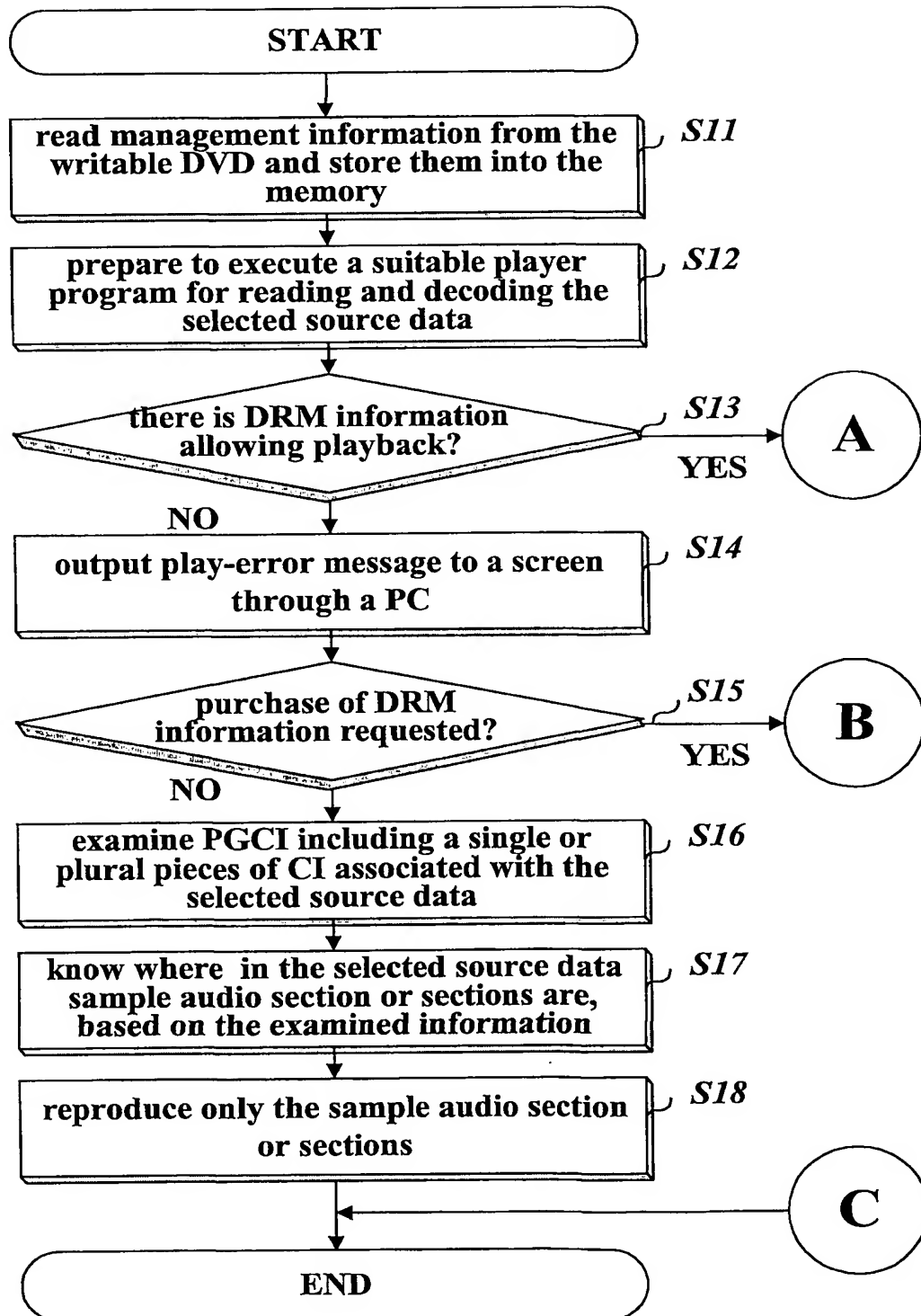
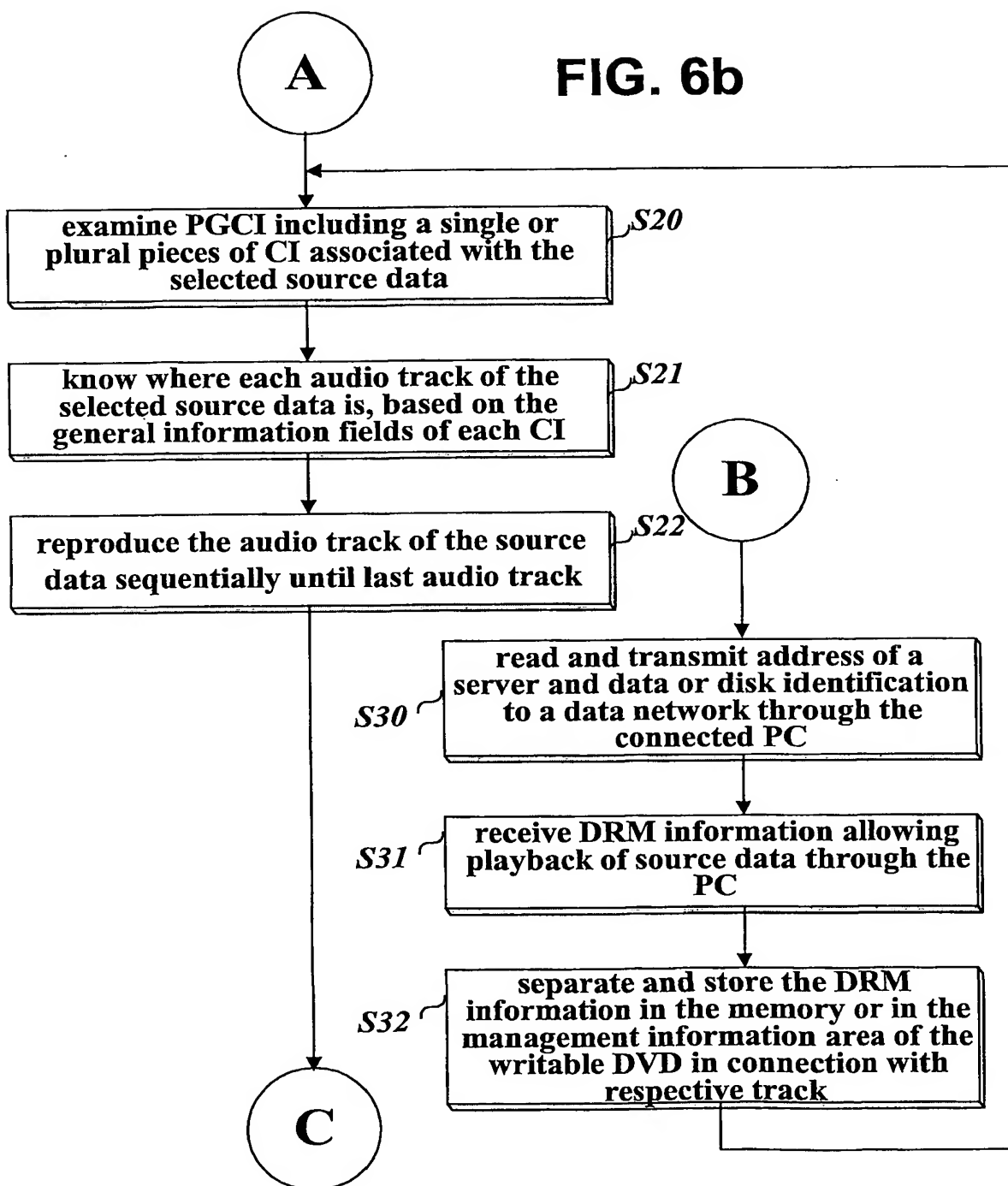
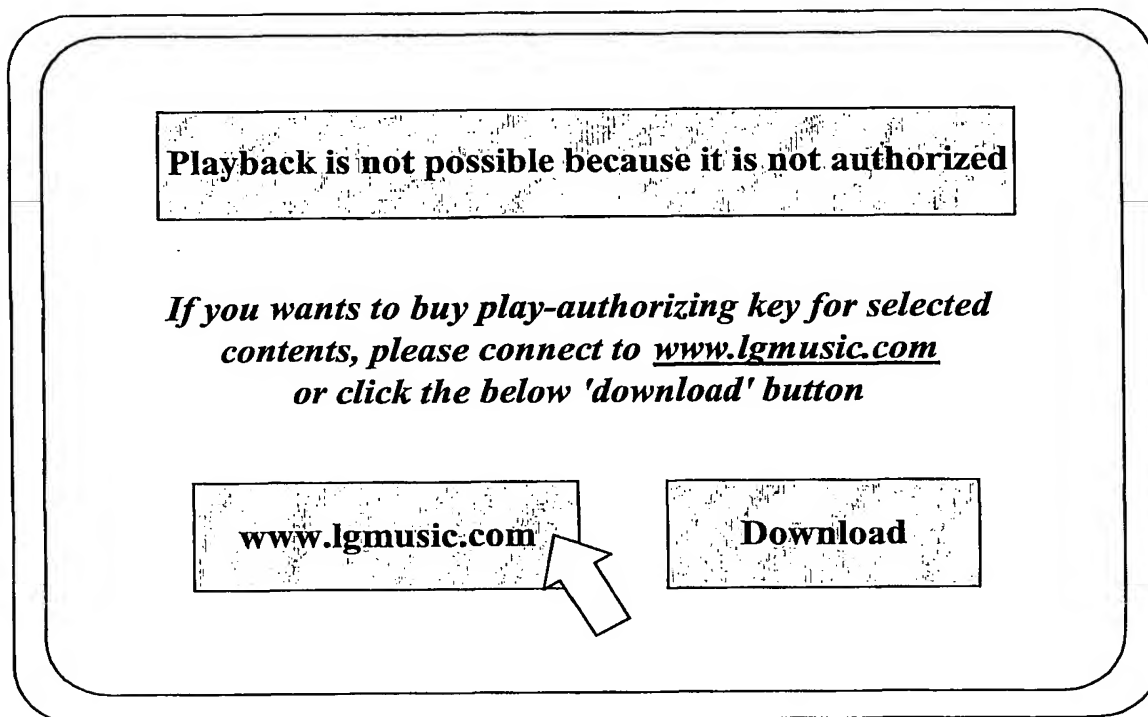
**FIG. 6a**

FIG. 6b



**FIG. 7**

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/KR02/00425

**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER****IPC7 G11B 20/10**

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

**B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC G11B 20, G06F, H01L

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

**C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT**

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	EP 899733 A1(Sony DADC Austria AG) 3 MARCH 1999 See the whole document	1, 5, 8
Y	US 5,805,551 A(Matsushita Electric Industrial Co.)8 SEPTEMBER 1998 See the whole document	1, 5, 8
A	EP 911738 A2(Calluna Technology Limited Edinburgh EH1 2ET)28 APRIL 1999 See the whole document	1, 5, 8
A	EP 802527 A1(Matsushita Electric Industrial Co. Ltd.)22 OCTOBER 1997 See the whole document	1, 5, 8

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

☐ See patent family annex.

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